Federal Department of the Environment, Transport, Energy and Communications

Federal Office for the Environment FOEN Climate Division

Process description for authorization and Monitoring, Reporting and Verification of mitigation activities under Art. 6 of the Paris Agreement

Version 1.0, January 2023

1. Introduction

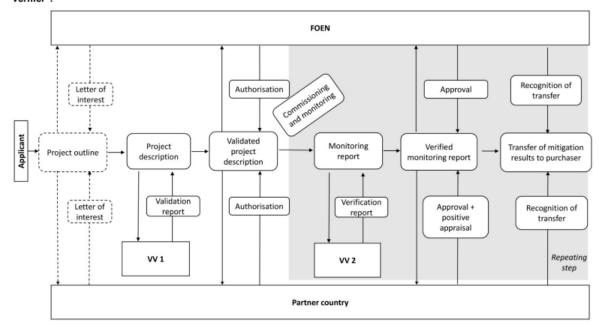
The Federal office for the environment (FOEN) is the entity of the Swiss government that is the regulator for emission reduction projects in the Swiss compliance market. It is running the compensation office (CO) together with the federal office of energy (SFOE). Mitigation Activities (MA) under Art. 6.2 of the Paris Agreement (PA) have to be authorized by FOEN and the host country of the emission reduction activity.

This document describes the processes of the CO from authorization application to issuance of international attestations, as they are called in the domestic regulation, or International Transferred Mitigation Outcomes (ITMOs), in PA terminology.

A diagram of the process is shown in a Communication of FOEN for project developers, figure 5 (referenced in Section 6):

Figure 5

Diagram of the procedure for authorisation application and issuance of attestations abroad. "VV" stands for "validator and verifier".





2. General remarks

The partner country is in the driving seat. Mitigation Activity Design Documents (MADD), including the methodologies, volume of ITMOs and other restrictions are defined by the partner country. FOEN will not issue any international attestation without the consent of the partner country.

On the other hand, the CO does always specifically evaluate the MA to assure the compliance with PA, with the corresponding bilateral Agreements and with the Swiss legislation (see CO₂-ordinance under Section 6). This evaluation is not just a formal act. The CO might formulate additional restrictions, require adapted methodologies or even refuse the authorization of MA or issuance of international attestations.

3. Mitigation Activity Idea Note, MAIN (see 3.2 in Communication of FOEN)

An optional step before authorization application can be to ask the CO for an assessment of a Mitigation Activity Idea Note (MAIN) or draft MADD. As a reaction a Letter of Intent (LoI) can be issued. Also, a preliminary assessment can be made. The better the MAIN (or draft MADD) is, the better the responses of the CO can be. CO will already contact other concerned offices from the Swiss administration to incorporate their feedback in the response.

Lol will only be issued from partner countries with existing bilateral agreement or where negotiations about a bilateral agreement are in an advanced phase.

The Lol does not influence the subsequent evaluation of the MA.

4. Authorization (see 3.4 in Communication of FOEN)

The MADD has to be validated by an approved validation body (approved in the partner country and in Switzerland). Both MADD and validation report have to be sent to the CO by mail. The MADD has also to be signed and sent by post to the CO. The post stamp marks the date of submission. This date is important, since the implementation of the MA cannot start more than 3 months before this date. Note: for Switzerland the time when the applicant makes a significant financial commitment to a third party or itself takes organizational measures relevant to the project or programme is already deemed the start of implementation.

The CO will start examination of the validated MADD upon reception. After a formal examination, a comprehensive examination starts on the technical level. During this examination clarification requests (CR) and/or corrective action requests (CAR) can be formulated and the project proponent might have to adapt the MADD to assure the compliance with the Swiss legislation. The final authorized MADD might therefore vary from the validated version. This process might take 3 months or longer, depending on the MA. After the CO has finished its examination, it will consult with the other concerned offices of the Swiss administration at the operational level for their agreement and inputs (so called HF6 consultation), which takes typically one week. Once all offices agreed, the strategic level (so called POL) of the offices is asked for the final decision, which takes typically another week. After this decision, Switzerland is ready to issue the authorization statement, including an updated initial report. But Switzerland will only issue the authorization once the authorization statement of the partner country has been received by the CO. Informal exchanges between Switzerland and the partner country should take place before the formal authorizations so that findings and possible issues can be clarified in advance and the issuance of the authorizations coordinated.

Note:

- CO can confirm the decision of the POL to help the partner country taking their decision about the authorization statement.
- The examination of the MADD is more than a formal step of authorization. It might even result in a rejection of the MA. The use of established methodologies (CDM, GoldStandard, etc.) are no

guarantee for an authorization. The CO might ask for additional requirements, if these are necessary to comply with Swiss regulation.

Submission of authorization application has to be provided with the following documents:

Document	Electronically	By post
Project or programme description, duly validated and signed (including annexes)	X	Х
Redacted project or programme description, if redaction is desired	Х	-
Signed validation report (including annexes)	x	-
Redacted validation report, if redaction is desired	Х	-
Abroad: Project or programme authorisation granted by the partner country, duly signed 18	Х	-

5. Monitoring, reporting and verification (see 3.7 in Communication of FOEN)

The Monitoring Report (MR) has to be verified by a verification body (approved in the partner country and in Switzerland). Both MR and verification report have to be sent to the CO by mail. The MR has also to be signed and sent by post to the CO. The post stamp marks the date of submission. This date is important, as it determines whether the deadline for MR is respected. MR can contain max. 3 years (monitoring period) and it has to be sent to the CO within one year after the end of the monitoring period.

The CO will start examination of the verified MR upon reception. After a formal examination, a comprehensive examination starts on the technical level. During this examination clarification requests (CR) and/or corrective action requests (CAR) can be formulated and the project proponent might have to adapt the MR to assure the compliance with the Swiss legislation. The final accepted MR might therefore vary from the verified version. This process might take 3 months or longer, depending on the MA. After the CO has finished its examination, it will consult with the other concerned offices of the Swiss administration at the operational level for their agreement and inputs, which takes typically one week. Once all offices agreed, the strategic level of the offices is asked for the final decision, which takes typically another week. After this decision, Switzerland is ready to issue the attestations in the Swiss registry. But Switzerland will only issue the attestations once the recognition of transfer of the partner country has been received by the CO.

Submission of MR has to be provided with the following documents:

Document	Electronically	By post
Monitoring report, duly verified and signed (including annexes)	Х	X
Redacted monitoring report, if redaction is desired	X	-
Signed verification report (including annexes)	X	-
Redacted verification report, if redaction is desired	X	-
Abroad: Project or programme authorisation granted by partner state and duly signed ²⁴	X	-

6. Links

Communication of FOEN for project developers

Communication of FOEN for validation and verification bodies

Bilateral agreements under Art. 6.2 PA with Switzerland

CO2-Ordinance (requirements for offset projects Art. 5 – 12)

Emissionsregistry of Switzerland